For WOW Logistics, one of the nation's largest third party logistics companies, managing millions of dollars of customer inventory throughout its massive warehouses was becoming a nightmare. Like many warehousing environments, WOW's business completely depends on reliable wireless communications between Motorola MC9060 and MC9090 handheld barcode scanners and its in-house inventory management system.

WOW material handlers, forklift drivers, and truck loaders depend on Wi-Fi to make their warehouse processes more efficient by gaining universal access to real-time inventory information and eliminating counting and picking errors. The devices are used for a variety of purposes such as scanning palette and product locations, clocking hours, tracking product movements, tow motor inspection, trailer inspections, driver signatures, calendar entries, and MSDS tracking.

The Wi-Fi network is also heavily relied upon to support low-powered Motorola EWB-100 push-to-talk communication badges that operate in the 2.4 GHz as well as wireless humidity and temperature sensors. Customers also look to WOW for speedy guest access so they can remotely establish VPN connections into corporate applications.

WOW owns 23 locations totaling nearly 7 million square feet of space with ceilings ranging from 35 to 40 feet high. Throughout the warehouses five-pallet high, four-pallet deep, drive-through steel racks are used to store everything from paper to cheese. WOW's ever-changing warehouses, filled with RF-unfriendly obstacles and steel racking, caused extensive radio frequency (RF) shadowing or signal loss.

On any day WOW's warehouses may be completely filled with paper and dairy products such as barrels of bulk cheese, which on average consist of 40% water — a notorious enemy to RF. Today, WOW handles and stores over 500,000,000 pounds of cheese and moves 500,000 tons of paper and 250,000 tons of pulp each year.

Like many warehousing operations, as inventory continually enters and exits WOW's facilities, the RF environment is in a constant state of flux, causing dropped connections, packet loss, unresponsive scanners, spotty coverage, interference and poor performance. Iperf tests, a tool to measure the bandwidth and the quality of a network link, performed by WOW on its legacy Wi-Fi system showed only 1 Mbps of TCP throughput.
“Large warehouses pose unique RF propagation problems for any Wi-Fi system because the environment constantly changes and users are almost always mobile.

Without a good Wi-Fi system our business literally stops.

So we went looking for a wireless solution specifically designed to adapt and deal with RF ambiguities.

We only found one.”

Dave Christianson
Network Administrator
WOW Logistics

“Warehouses are brutal on Wi-Fi because everything is always changing and these spaces are full of materials that just kill Wi-Fi signals,” said Dave Christianson, network administrator for WOW Logistics. “Getting Wi-Fi to work well with water and steel was turning into a science project.”

Out with the Old, In with the New

WOW’s previous Motorola wireless LAN (WLAN) system was based on reference-design Wi-Fi access points (APs) equipped with dipole omnidirectional antennas. With this fixed antenna structure, the Motorola APs were unable to alter the Wi-Fi signal path as RF problems arose. Also, more APs were typically required to cover a given area due to their 360º omni antenna patterns that can often cause co-channel interference.

“We found that pretty much every supplier had the same problem,” commented Christianson. “They all use basic omni antennas that were not able to focus RF energy only where it’s needed, and no way to combat unexpected interference or obstacles as they crop up.”

WOW settled on four vendors to bid on the project: Motorola, Cisco, Aruba, and Ruckus Wireless.

However the price points for the Cisco, Aruba, and Motorola APs and the licensing costs were “outrageously” expensive with the most costly option being 68% higher than the Ruckus system. Because Ruckus uses a high-gain, directional adaptive antenna array integrated into every AP, its system typically requires 30 to 40% fewer APs. And it wasn’t just the cost of the APs that was giving Christianson sticker shock.

With initial and reoccurring licensing costs quoting in the $20 to $25K range for just one controller to manage 60 APs, with two controllers per location, WOW was looking at spending over a $500,000 dollars on controllers alone. The Ruckus system came in at 1/5th the price.

“Price wasn’t the lone consideration,” said Christianson. “It was imperative that we solve our wireless problems or our business would falter. That said, we were astounded at the hidden costs we discovered in other vendors systems to the point where it didn’t even make sense to consider them. While the vendors had comparable controller and management capabilities, only one combined them with a well-thought out AP for truly harsh RF situations, both indoors and out.”

Finally, Wi-Fi for Warehouses

With plans to install 400 to 500 APs throughout its warehouses, Christianson selected the Ruckus ZoneFlex system and began the Wi-Fi replacement process within WOW’s corporate offices in Appleton, Wisconsin.
WOW replaced its legacy Motorola APs with Ruckus ZoneFlex 7363s. The ZoneFlex 7363 is a mid-range, two-stream, 2X2, dual-band (5 GHz/2.4 GHz) 802.11n indoor AP that integrates a miniaturized adaptive antenna array, one for each band. Staff at WOW’s corporate office saw an immediate improvement in both throughput and coverage. Christianson ran another set of Iperf tests to get a before and after comparison. He found with Ruckus, Wi-Fi speeds were now topping 83 Mbps of TCP throughput everywhere.

Next, WOW chose to upgrade the Wi-Fi within its “Little Chute” warehouse (pictured above) that primarily stores paper/pulp and dairy products in over 350,000 square feet of storage space. At this facility, WOW chose the Ruckus ZoneFlex 7962, a dual-band 802.11n AP with a dual-polarized directional antenna array, mounting 35 of them on I-beams in the ceiling.

A single Zone Director controller in each facility controls all Ruckus APs for that location, with a redundant controller then located at their corporate headquarters. All Zone Directors are then centrally configured and controlled using Ruckus’ FlexMaster management software. Sitting outside the data-path, the ZoneDirector provides advanced features such as smart meshing, AP groups, WLAN groups, guest access, client throughput thresholds, time-of-day radio broadcasting, client load balancing and sophisticated security capabilities. From a single dashboard, WOW administers its entire indoor and outdoor network across multiple locations.

“From the moment the Little Chute deployment began, I began receiving unsolicited, positive feedback from the warehouse staff as they began noticing that their handheld scanners and push to talk wireless radio badges were performing orders of magnitude better,” said Christianson.

Christianson added ZoneFlex 7762 dual-band outdoor APs to ensure that WOW’s dock workers were able to maintain voice communications when exiting the truck bay area.

Truck drivers are not always able to leave their truck, so it is essential for the dock worker to maintain wireless connectivity while checking in/out each truck load. Now that WOW has the outdoor ZF7762 APs, that feature built-in heaters for cold climates (-40° C), WOW has not had a single instance where wireless communication to the badges has been lost.

What’s Next for WOW?

Christianson plans to have Ruckus Wi-Fi deployed in all of its warehouse locations by the end of 2012. Looking ahead, as WOW is considering a number of Wi-Fi applications such as location-based tracking of employees and products as well as video surveillance.

“At the end of the day the Ruckus Wi-Fi system has helped us to create more efficiencies that ultimately helps us to better serve our customers,” said Christianson. “You might even say that Ruckus is helping WOW Logistics become the ‘Big Cheese’ amongst its 3PL peers.”